**PRoDUCTION**| ANALYSis

**Production statistics represent the volume of production of selected manu- facturing commodities, precious minerals and pearls, non-metallic minerals, electric power generation and sales, production of meat, fish, milk and egg.**

**◼PRODUCTION BY THE STATE-OWNED ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES**

Table 2.1 presents information about the production of the selected commodities by state-owned economic enterprises. In June 2022 the production of cotton yarn increased by 64.38% compared with June 2021.

When comparing June 2021 and June 2022, the production of solids, liquids, sterile products, and biological products decreased by 68.81%, 23.77%, 12.36% and 45.83%.

**◼PRODUCTION BY THE STATE ECONOMIC ENTERPRISES**

Table 2.2 shows data about the production of the selected commodities by state economic enterprises.Between June 2021 and June 2022, the production of wood veneer and crude oil increased by 39.70% and 69.66%, and the production of natural gas decreased by 5.68%.

**◼PRODUCTION BY THE PRIVATE ENTERPRISES**

Table 2.3 describes the production of the selected commodities by private enterprises. Compared to the same month of the previous year, in June 2022, the production of beer and alcohol increased by 17.34% and 10.60%, and cigarettes and salt (crude + fine) decreased by 70.50%, 16.47%.

**◼PRODUCTION OF ELECTRIC POWER**

Table 2.4 indicates electric power generation and sales in Myanmar. In June 2022, the total volume of electricity sales decreased by 9.35% compared with the same month of the previous year. The average price of 1 kwh (unit sold) was 120.24 kyats in June 2021 , and it increased to 122.49 kyats as percent of 1.87 in June 2022.

**◼PRODUCTION OF ELECTRIC POWER GENERATION BY TYPE OF ENERGY**

Table 2.5 provides electric power generation by type of energy. When comparing June 2021 and June 2022, electric power generation by thermal, diesel, and hydro decreased by 71.76%, 8.50% and 17.90%; on the other hand, the production of gas increased by 8.95%.

**◼PRODUCTION OF PRECIOUS MINERALS AND PEARLS**

Table 2.6 represents the production of precious minerals and pearls. The production of gold and jade decreased by 62.85% and 95.99% between June 2021 and June 2022.

**◼PRODUCTION OF MINERALS EXTRACTION AND NON-METALLIC MINERALS**

Table 2.7 gives data on the production of minerals extraction by state economic enterprises. Between June 2021 and June 2022, the tin concentrates decreased by 53.13% and the production of tin tungsten and scheelite increased by 66.67%.

Table 2.8 shows data on the production of non-metallic minerals by state economic enterprises. Between June 2022 and June 2021, the production of coal, and limestone decreased by 3.80% and 8.03% and, the production of barytes increased by 15.09%.

**◼PRODUCTION OF MEAT, FISH, MILK AND EGGS**

Out of all types of meat prescribed in table 2.9 fish, including freshwater and marine, had the highest production.

The number of pigs and sheep/goats that were slaughtered in June 2022 has increased by 12.60% and 8.21% and has decreased for cattle by 5.61% respectively compared to June 2021. The production of meat has increased for fish, duck, chicken, pork and mutton by 29.12%, 17.73%, 16.35%, 13.47% and 8.21% and has decreased for beef by 6.10% respectively in June 2022 compared to June 2021.

Annually, the number of pigs, sheep/goats and cattle slaughtered has increased by 8.09%, 4.63% and 3.26% respectively in 2021-2022 compared to 2020-2021. The production of meat has increased for all types of meat in 2021-2022 compared to 2020-2021: chicken, duck, pork, mutton, beef and fish production has increased by 14.62%, 11.74%, 8.06%, 4.81%, 3.28% and 0.16%. The production of duck eggs and hen eggs has risen by 26.54% and 21.32% respectively in 2021-2022 compared to 2020-2021.